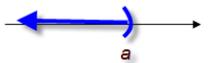
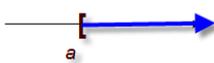
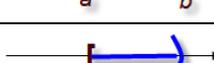
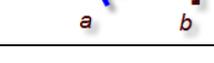


## Module 4.A : Graphing

### Learning Objectives:

1. Find the coordinates of a point on the Cartesian Coordinate Plane.
2. Convert a line graph to interval notation.
3. Determine the intervals where a function is increasing, decreasing or constant.
4. Given a table of points, evaluate a function.
5. Determine if the given point is on the line.
6. Find the intercepts for the graph of a line equation.
7. Evaluate a linear function, given two points on the graph of the line.
8. Draw a graph representing a second degree equation.

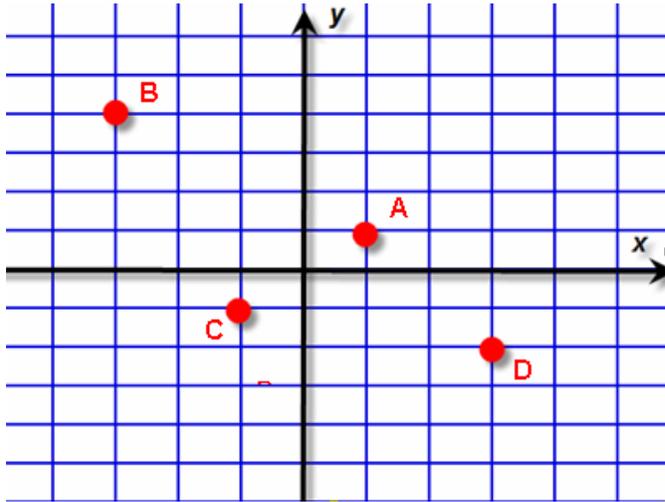
### Summary of Interval Notation

Inequality	Interval Notation	Graph on Number Line
$x > a$	$(a, \infty)$	
$x < a$	$(-\infty, a)$	
$x \geq a$	$[a, \infty)$	
$x \leq a$	$(-\infty, a]$	
$a < x < b$	$(a, b)$	
$a \leq x < b$	$[a, b)$	
$a < x \leq b$	$(a, b]$	
$a \leq x \leq b$	$[a, b]$	

**SECTION 1 : Find the coordinates of a point on the Cartesian Coordinate Plane.**

**EXERCISE 1**

Find the coordinates of the points A, B, C and D below.



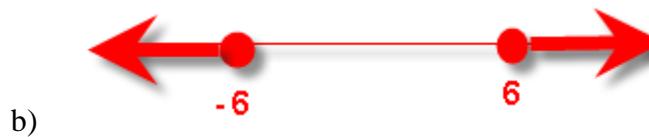
**SOLUTION**

A (1, 1), B (-3, 4), C(-1, -1), D(3, -2).

**SECTION 2 : Convert a line graph to interval notation.**

**EXERCISE 2**

Write the following in interval notation.



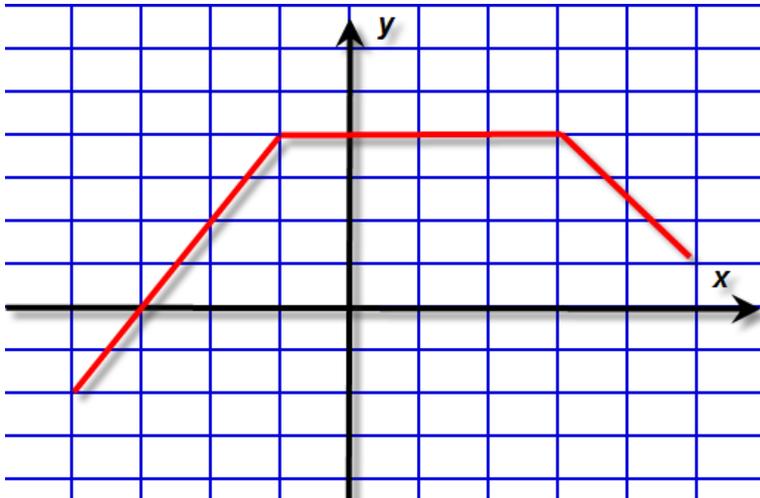
SOLUTION

- a)  $[11,13)$       b)  $(-\infty,-6] \cup [6,\infty)$  Alternatively, we could write  $|x| \geq 6$ ,  
which is the same as  $x \leq -6$  or  $x \geq 6$ .

**Four.3 Determine the intervals where a function is increasing, decreasing or constant.**

EXERCISE 3

On what intervals is the graph below increasing, decreasing and constant.

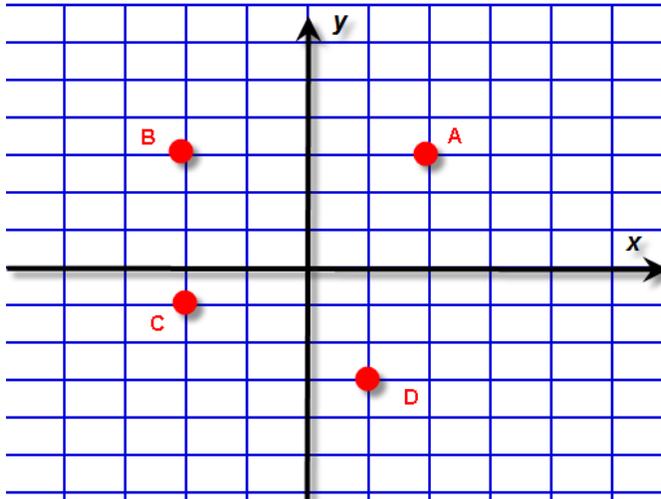


SOLUTION

You need to write all intervals in terms of the  $x$ -coordinates, only.  
Increasing on  $(-4, -1)$ , constant on  $(-1, 3)$ , decreasing on  $(3, 5)$ .

MODULE 4.A - ASSESSMENT

\_\_\_\_\_1. Find the coordinates of the points B and D below.



- A  $(-2, 4)$  and  $(1, -3)$       B  $(3, -2)$  and  $(-1, 3)$       C  $(2, 2)$  and  $(1, -3)$   
 D  $(-2, 3)$  and  $(1, -3)$       E I do not know

\_\_\_\_\_2. Write the following in interval notation.



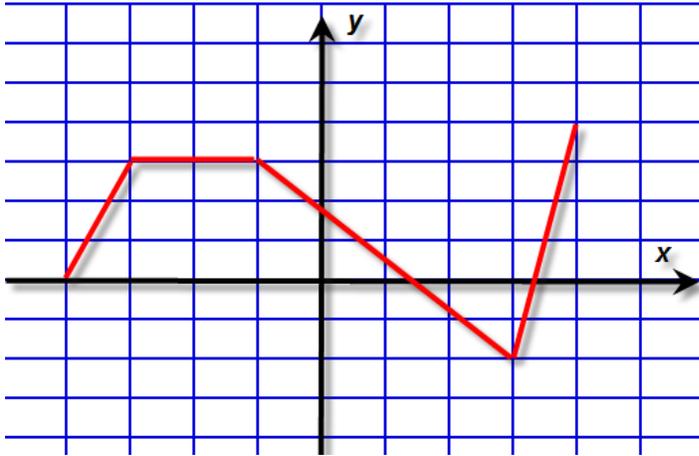
- A  $(-5, -2]$       B  $(-5, -2)$       C  $[-5, -2]$       D  $[-5, -2)$   
 E I do not know

\_\_\_\_\_3. Write the following in interval notation.



- A  $(-\infty, -4) \cup [2, \infty)$       B  $(-\infty, -4] \cup [2, \infty)$       C  $[-4, 2]$   
 D  $(-\infty, -4) \cup (2, \infty)$       E I do not know

\_\_\_\_\_ 4. For the graph of  $f$  below, which one of the following statements is true?



- A  $f$  is strictly increasing on  $(-4, -3)$  and strictly decreasing on  $(-1, -3)$
- B  $f$  is strictly increasing on  $(-2, 4)$  and strictly decreasing on  $(-2, 3)$
- C  $f$  is strictly increasing on  $(-4, -1)$  and  $(3, 4)$ , and strictly decreasing on  $(-1, 3)$
- D  $f$  is strictly increasing on  $(-4, -3)$  and  $(3, 4)$ , and strictly decreasing on  $(-1, 3)$
- E I do not know